Assignment

Science

Class 3

Chapter 5

Plants in our surroundings

(...continued)

(Continue after question no. 11)

G. Define the following-

- 1. <u>Chlorophyll-</u> Chlorophyll is a pigment present in the leaves and makes it green in colour.
- 2. Leaf blade- The flat surface of a leaf is called leaf blade.
- 3. <u>Stomata</u>- Tiny openings on the leaves are called stomata. They help the plant to take in and give out air.
- 4. <u>Photosynthesis-</u> The process by which green leaves prepare their food is called photosynthesis.
- 5. **<u>Germination-</u>** The growth of a seed into a baby plant or seedling is called germination.

I. Think and answer-

1. Leaves of most plants are flat and wide. Why?

Ans- Leaves of most plants are flat and wide because they get more surface area through which they can absorb sunlight for the process of photosynthesis.

2. Why are seeds found mostly inside the fruits?

Ans- Seeds are found mostly inside the fruits because they grow into new plants and are protected by the fruits.